- STMicroelectronics PREFERRED SALESTYPE
- NPN MONOLITHIC DARLINGTON WITH INTEGRATED FREE-WHEELING DIODE
- HIGH VOLTAGE CAPABILITY (> 1400 V)
- HIGH DC CURRENT GAIN (TYP. 150)
- FULLY INSULATED PACKAGE (U.L. COMPLIANT) FOR EASY MOUNTING
- LOW BASE-DRIVE REQUIREMENTS
- DEDICATED APPLICATION NOTE AN1184


## APPLICATIONS

- COST EFFECTIVE SOLUTION FOR HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION IN LOW END TV UP TO 21 INCHES.


## DESCRIPTION

The BU808DFX is a NPN transistor in monolithic Darlington configuration. It is manufactured using Multiepitaxial Mesa technology for cost-effective high performance.


INTERNAL SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM


## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Symbol | Parameter | Value | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CBO}}$ | Collector-Base Voltage $\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{E}}=0\right)$ | 1400 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CEO}}$ | Collector-Emitter Voltage $\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}=0\right)$ | 700 | V |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {EBO }}$ | Emitter-Base Voltage $\left(\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=0\right)$ | 5 | V |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}$ | Collector Current | 8 | A |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{CM}}$ | Collector Peak Current $\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{p}}<5 \mathrm{~ms}\right)$ | 10 | A |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}$ | Base Current | 3 | A |
| $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{BM}}$ | Base Peak Current $\left(\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{p}}<5 \mathrm{~ms}\right)$ | 6 | A |
| $\mathrm{P}_{\text {tot }}$ | Total Dissipation at $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{C}}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | 62 | W |
| $\mathrm{~V}_{\text {isol }}$ | Insulation Withstand Voltage $(R M S)$ from $A l l$ <br> Three Leads to Exernal Heatsink | 2500 | V |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\text {stg }}$ | Storage Temperature | -65 to 150 | 150 |
| $\mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{j}}$ | Max. Operating Junction Temperature |  |  |

## BU808DFX

## THERMAL DATA

| $R_{\text {thj-case }}$ | Thermal Resistance Junction-case | Max | 2.02 | ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / \mathrm{W}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $\mathrm{T}_{\text {case }}=25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

| Symbol | Parameter | Test Conditions | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ices | Collector Cut-off Current ( $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{BE}}=0$ ) | $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CE }}=1400 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 400 | $\mu \mathrm{A}$ |
| $I_{\text {ebo }}$ | Emitter Cut-off Current $\left(I_{C}=0\right)$ | $V_{E B}=5 \mathrm{~V}$ |  |  | 100 | mA |
| $\mathrm{V}_{\text {CE(sat) }}{ }^{*}$ | Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage | $\mathrm{IC}_{\mathrm{C}}=5 \mathrm{~A} \quad \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}=0.5 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  | 1.6 | V |
| $V_{\text {bE(sat)* }}$ | Base-Emitter <br> Saturation Voltage | $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=5 \mathrm{~A} \quad \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B}}=0.5 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  | 2.1 | V |
| $\mathrm{h}_{\text {FE* }}$ * | DC Current Gain | $\begin{array}{lll} \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=5 \mathrm{~A} & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CE}}=5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{IC}_{\mathrm{C}}=5 \mathrm{~A} & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{CE}}=5 \mathrm{~V} & \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{j}}=10{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 60 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ |  | 230 |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{s}} \\ & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}} \end{aligned}$ | INDUCTIVE LOAD <br> Storage Time <br> Fall Time | $\begin{array}{ll} \begin{array}{ll} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=150 \mathrm{~V} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=5 \mathrm{~A} \\ \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B} 1}=0.5 \mathrm{~A} & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{BE}(\text { off })}=-5 \mathrm{~V} \end{array} \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 2.3 \\ & 0.2 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mu \mathrm{s} \\ & \mu \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{s}} \\ & \mathrm{tf}_{\mathrm{f}} \end{aligned}$ | INDUCTIVE LOAD <br> Storage Time <br> Fall Time | $\begin{array}{ll} \mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{CC}}=150 \mathrm{~V} & \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=5 \mathrm{~A} \\ \mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B} 1}=0.5 \mathrm{~A} & \mathrm{~V}_{\mathrm{BE}(\text { off })}=-5 \mathrm{~V} \\ \mathrm{~T}_{\mathrm{j}}=100{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} & \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 2 \\ 0.8 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mu \mathrm{s} \\ & \mu \mathrm{~s} \end{aligned}$ |
| $V_{F}$ | Diode Forward Voltage | $\mathrm{IF}=5 \mathrm{~A}$ |  |  | 3 | V |

* Pulsed: Pulse duration = 300 us, duty cycle 1.5 \%

Safe Operating Area


## Thermal Impedance



## Derating Curve



Collector Emitter Saturation Voltage


## Power Losses at 16 KHz



## DC Current Gain



## Base Emitter Saturation Voltage



Switching Time Inductive Load at 16 KHz


Switching Time Inductive Load at 16KHZ


## BASE DRIVE INFORMATION

In order to saturate the power switch and reduce conduction losses, adequate direct base current $\mathrm{l}_{\mathrm{B} 1}$ has to be provided for the lowest gain $\mathrm{h}_{\text {FE }}$ at $100{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (line scan phase). On the other hand, negative base current $l_{B 2}$ must be provided to turn off the power transistor (retrace phase).
Most of the dissipation, in the deflection application, occurs at switch-off. Therefore it is essential to determine the value of $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B} 2}$ which minimizes power losses, fall time $t_{f}$ and, consequently, $\mathrm{T}_{\mathrm{j}}$. A new set of curves have been defined to give total power losses, $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{s}}$ and $\mathrm{t}_{\mathrm{f}}$ as a function of $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{B} 2}$ at both 16 KHz scanning frequencies for choosing the optimum negative

Reverse Biased SOA

drive. The test circuit is illustrated in figure 1. Inductance $L_{1}$ serves to control the slope of the negative base current $I_{B 2}$ to recombine the excess carrier in the collector when base current is still present, this would avoid any tailing phenomenon in the collector current.
The values of $L$ and $C$ are calculated from the following equations:
$\frac{1}{2} L\left(I_{C}\right)^{2}=\frac{1}{2} C\left(V_{C E A y}\right)^{2}$

$$
\omega=2 \pi f=\frac{1}{\sqrt{L C}}
$$

Where $\mathrm{I}_{\mathrm{C}}=$ operating collector current, VCEfly $=$ flyback voltage, $f=$ frequency of oscillation during retrace.

Figure 1: Inductive Load Switching Test Circuits.


Figure 2: Switching Waveforms in a Deflection Circuit


ISOWATT218FX MECHANICAL DATA

| DIM. | mm. |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | MIN. | TYP | MAX. |
| A | 5.30 |  | 5.70 |
| C | 2.80 |  | 3.20 |
| D | 3.10 |  | 3.50 |
| D1 | 1.80 |  | 2.20 |
| E | 0.80 |  | 1.10 |
| F | 0.65 |  | 0.95 |
| F2 | 1.80 |  | 2.20 |
| G | 10.30 |  | 11.50 |
| G1 | 15.30 |  | 15.70 |
| H | 9 |  | 10.20 |
| L | 22.80 |  | 23.20 |
| L2 | 26.30 |  | 26.70 |
| L3 | 43.20 |  | 44.40 |
| L4 | 4.30 |  | 4.70 |
| L5 | 24.30 |  | 24.70 |
| L6 | 14.60 |  | 15 |
| L7 | 1.80 |  | 2.20 |
| N | 3.80 |  | 4.20 |
| R | 3.40 |  | 3.80 |
| Dia |  |  |  |



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